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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/655,074	09/05/2000	Michio Naka	10873.164 USC2	10873.164 USC2 8424	
23552 75	590 01/18/2002				
MERCHANT & GOULD PC			EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 2903 MINNEAPOLI	s, MN 55402-0903		ALEXANDI	ALEXANDER, LYLE	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1743	7	
			DATE MAILED: 01/18/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	•			MF-7					
	2	Application No.	Applicant(s)						
		09/655,074	NAKA ET AL.						
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit						
	•	Lyle A Alexander	1743						
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address								
Period fo	• •	/ IS SET TO EXPIPE 3 MONTH	(S) FROM						
THE N - Exten after S - If the - If NO - Failur - Any re	DRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, eply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing d patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tired within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this o	ly. ommunication.					
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u> </u>							
2a) <u></u> □	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ Th	is action is non-final.							
3) 🗌	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims								
4) Claim(s) 7,9-18 and 28-44 is/are pending in the application.									
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.									
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>7,9-18 and 28-44</u> is/are rejected.									
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.							
Applicati	on Papers								
9) 🔲 -	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.							
10) 🔲 🗆	Fhe drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ accep	oted or b)⊡ objected to by the Exa	miner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.									
40) 🗀 -	If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep	~							
•	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.							
-	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
<i>,</i> —	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	a)-(d) or (f).						
a)[	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:								
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents								
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents								
* S	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Buree the attached detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).		Stage					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).									
	☐ The translation of the foreign language pro	* *							
Attachment	•								
2) Notice	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>3.</u>	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No Patent Application (PT						

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## **Double Patenting**

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claim7, 9-18 and 28-44 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-21 of U.S. Patent No. 6,001,307. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because both are directed to a device for collecting a sample having a suction pressure generator, an analytical region and a bypass channel with the relationship of flow resistance (X)<(Y)<(Z).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 7,9,10,12-18, 28, 30,32-33,38-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Qureshi (USP 4,624,928).

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Qureshi teach a device for collecting and analyzing a fluid sample. The device has a main body, a vacuum means and numerous channels in communication with the analyzing portion, reagents and the sample inlet. Valves are taught to control the flow and have been read on the claimed stoppers. Qureshi whose device is operated/manipulated by hand and could be discarded after a single use meets the limitations of "a main body dimensioned to be manipulated by hand" and "discarded after a single use".

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 11,29,31,34-37 and 43-44 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Qureshi.

See Qureshi (USP 4,624,928) supra.

Qureshi is silent to the relative pressures and dimensions of the device.

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The court decided <u>In re Boesch</u> (205 USPQ 215) that optimization of a result effective variable is ordinarily within the skill of the art. A result effective variable is read as a variable having predictable and expected results. Changes in relative pressures of the various branches of a fluid system is a result effective variable having the well-known and expected result of efficient fluid management. Additionally, it is known to manipulate the size of the device to gain the advantage of requiring more or less space.

It would have been within the skill of the art to modify Qureshi to have the claimed relative pressure relationship and size as optimization of a result effective variable.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lyle A Alexander whose telephone number is 703-308-3893. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jill Warden can be reached on 703-308-4037. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-7718 for regular communications and 703-305-3599 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0651.

Lyle A Alexander Primary Examiner Art Unit 1743